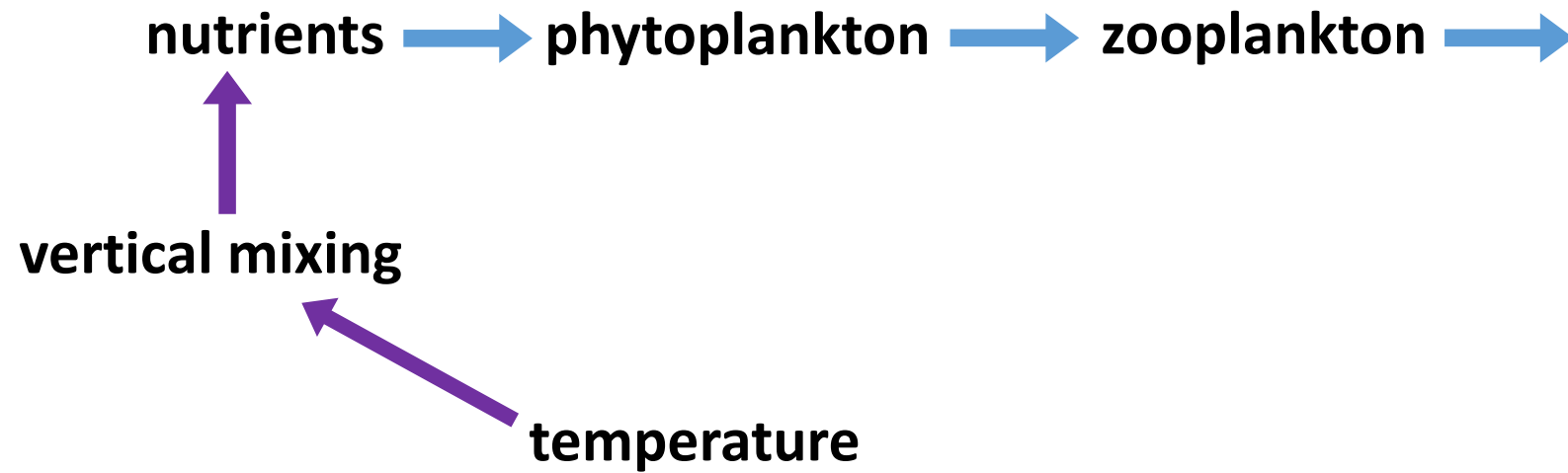


Predictability of ecosystem dynamics:

models **misbehave** if they **miss behavior**

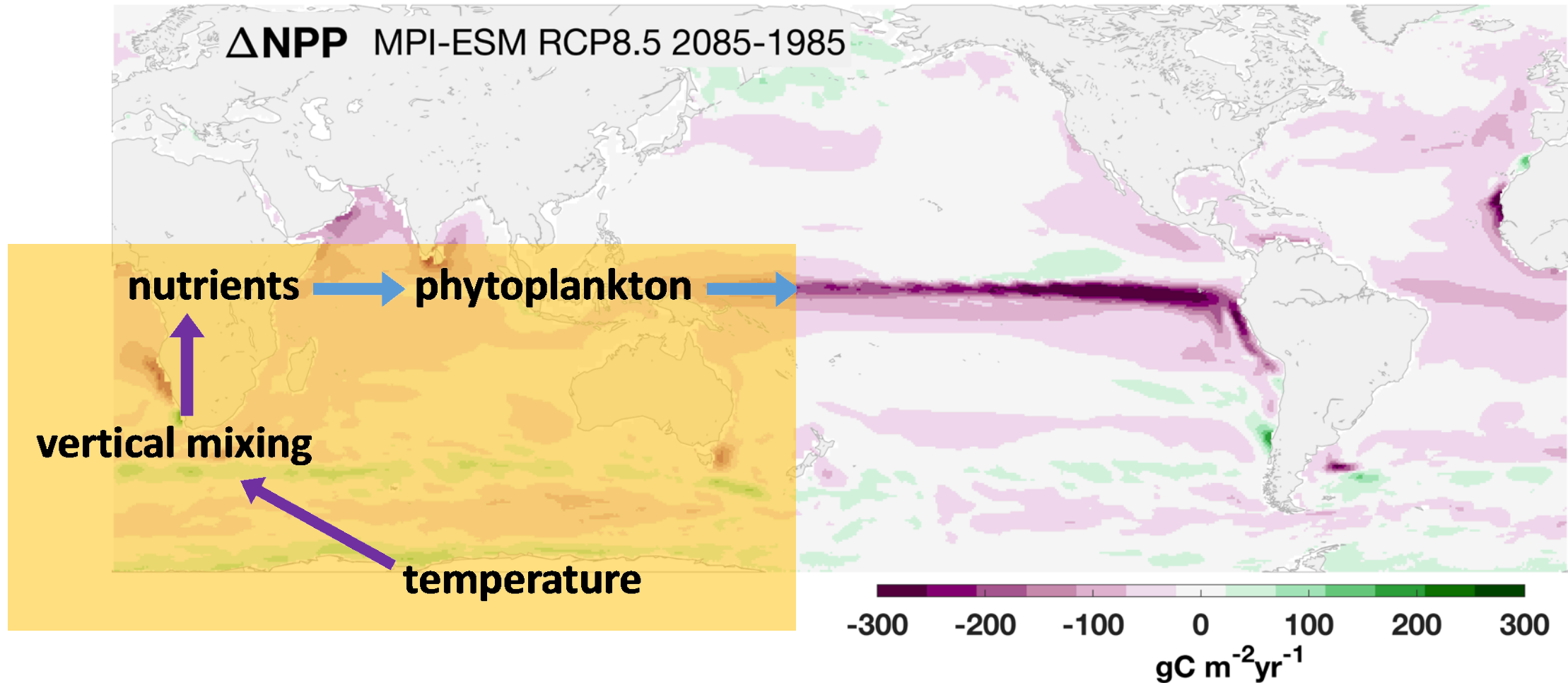
Kai Wirtz

modeling marine ecosystem response

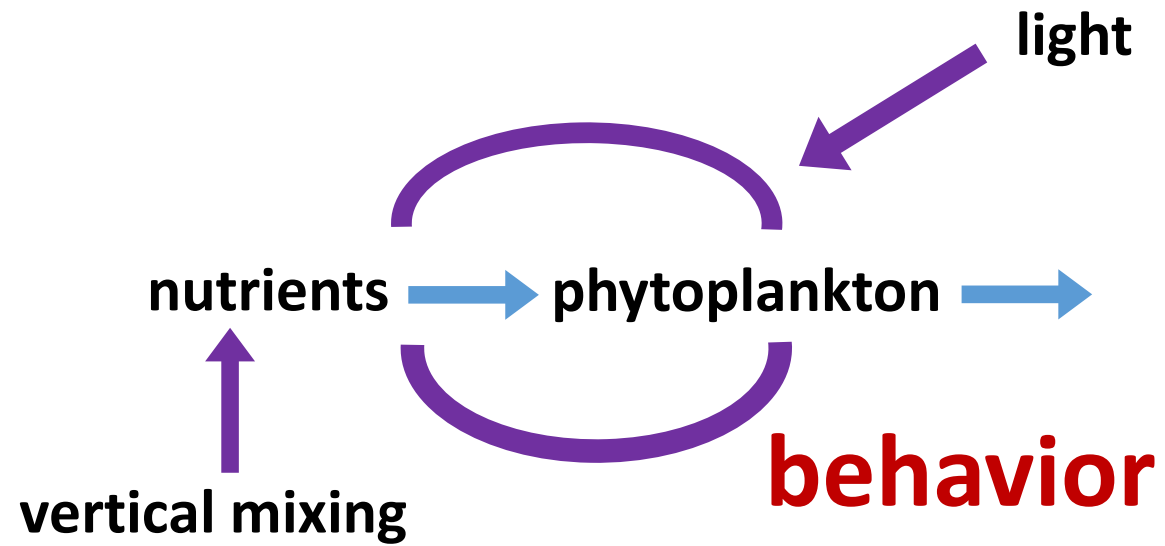


predictability of marine ecosystem response

decrease in Net Primary Productivity (NPP) under climate change

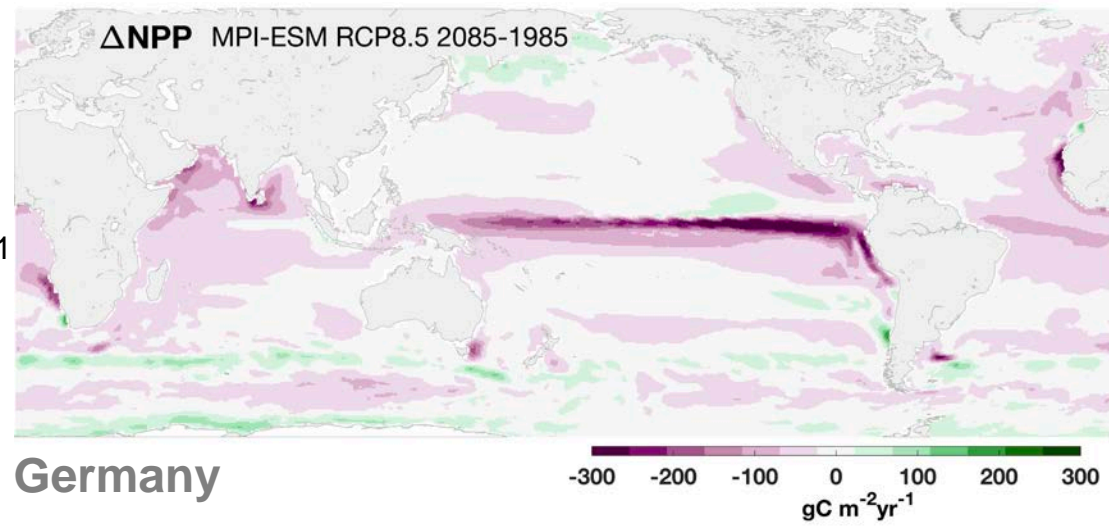


phytoplankton vertical migration



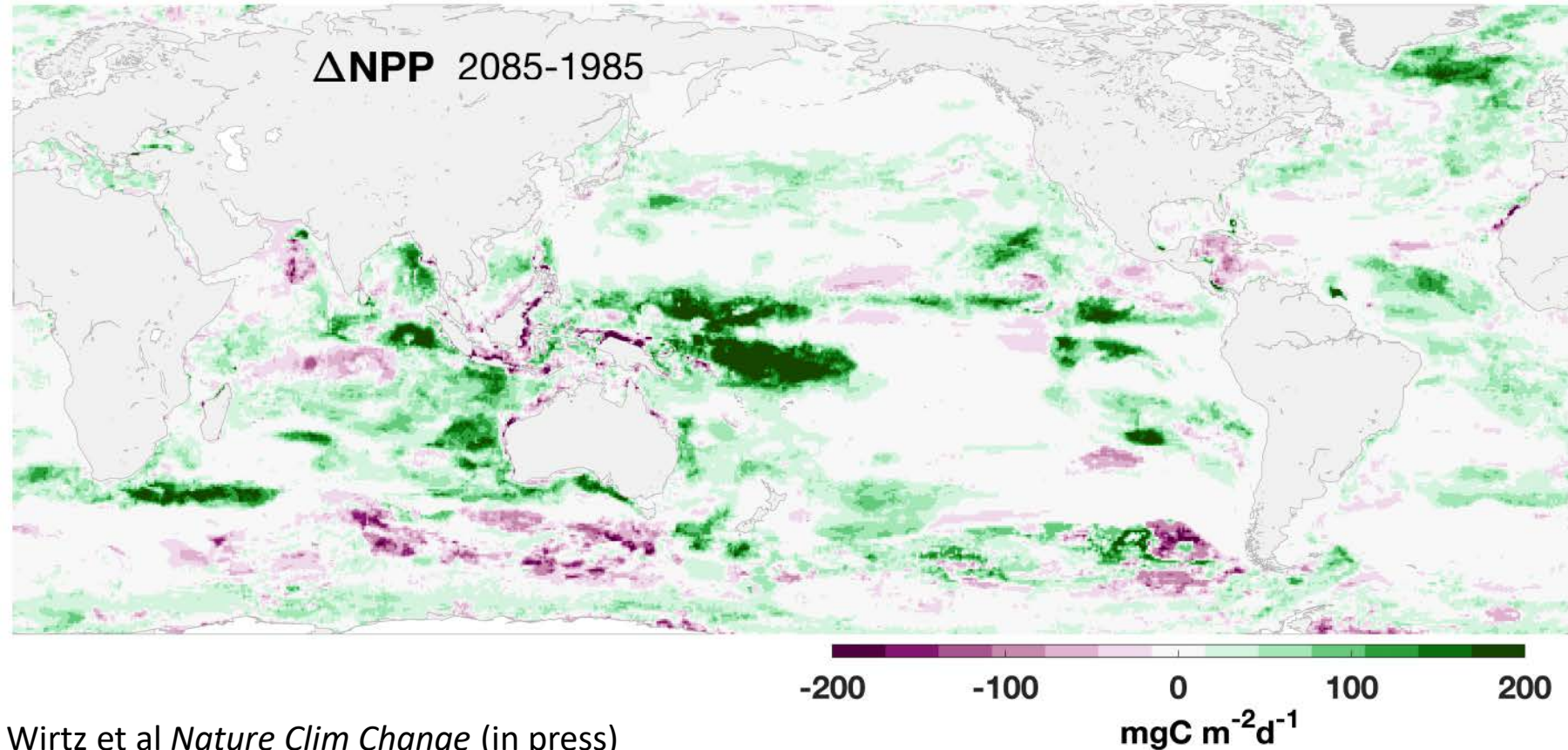
global NPP in a warmer future ocean

decrease by 8.5 Pg-C yr⁻¹
(classical models)

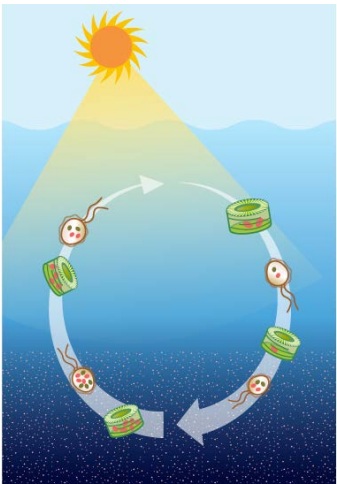


increase by 2.3 Pg-C yr⁻¹
(to 58.4 Pg-C yr⁻¹)

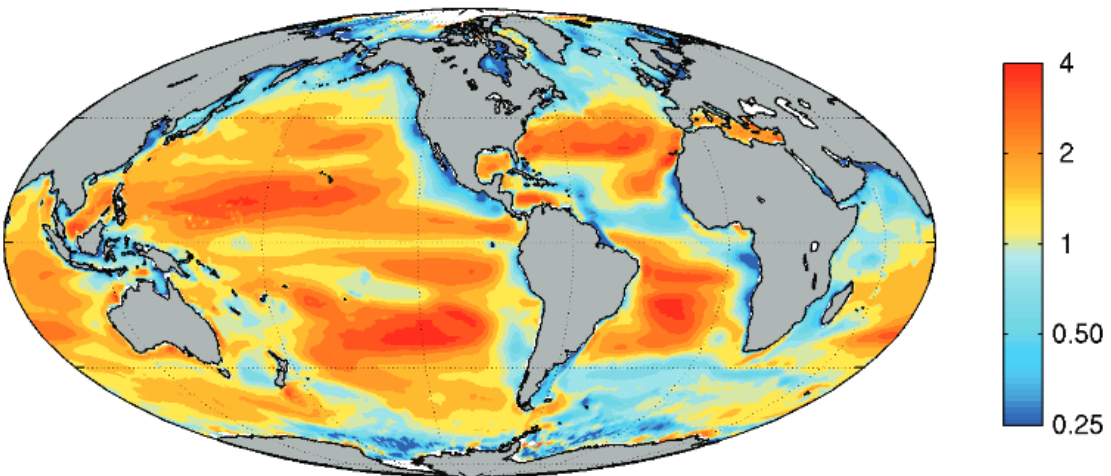
difference: 70 × C-emission of Germany



identically forced simulation incl.
phytoplankton vertical migration

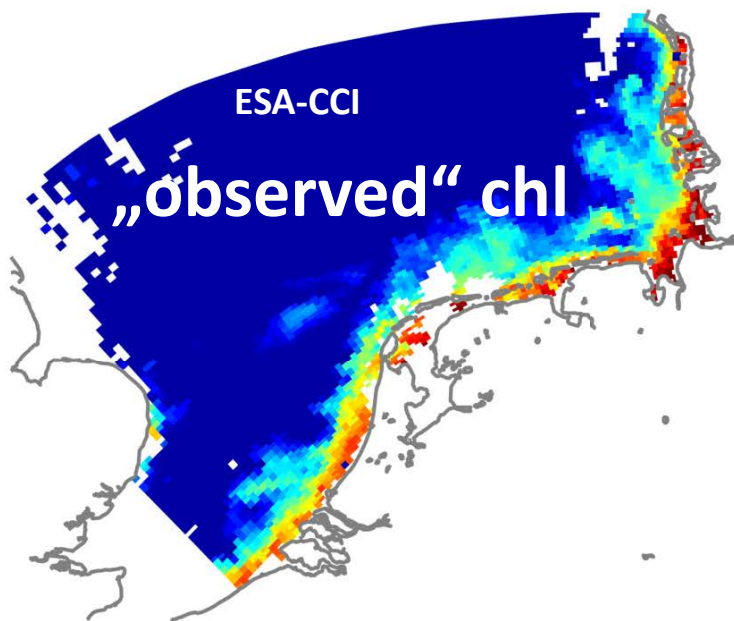


C: Ratio of Model to Satellite

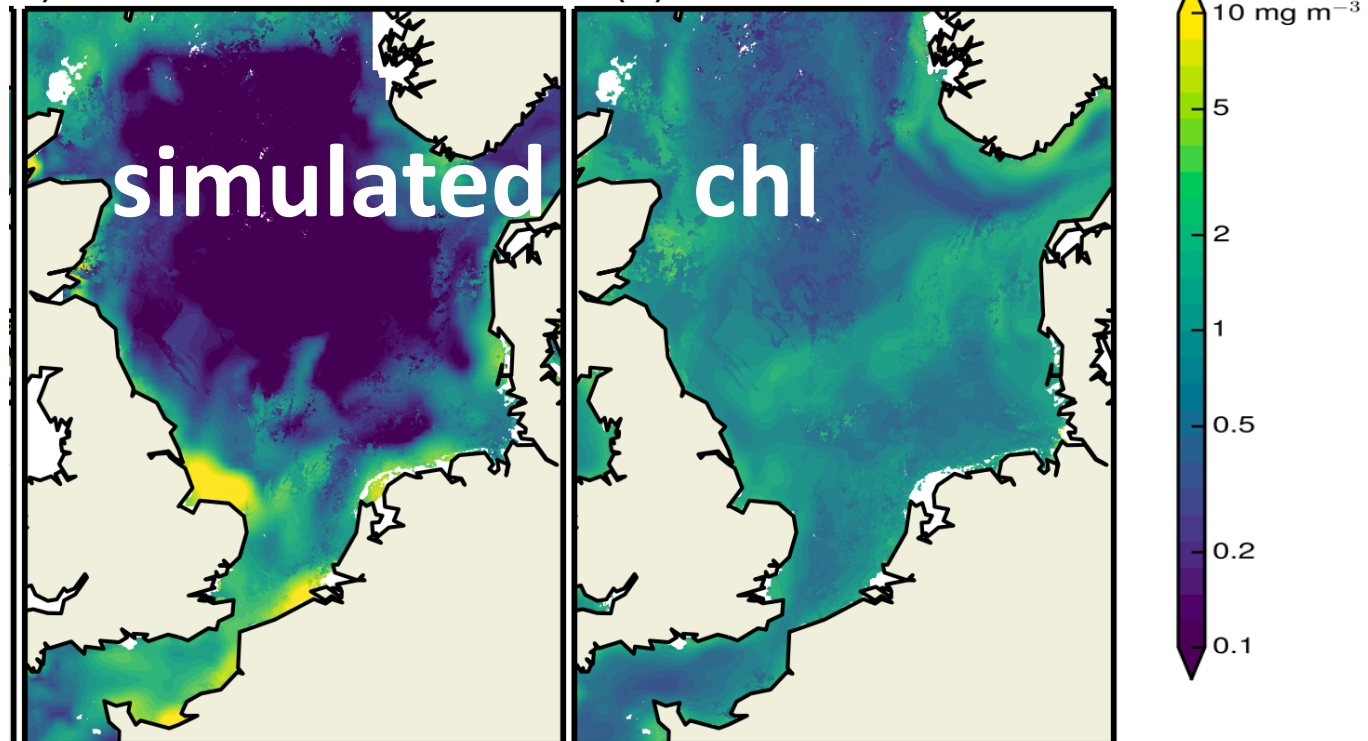


underestimation of Chlorophyll-a (chl) in shallow waters

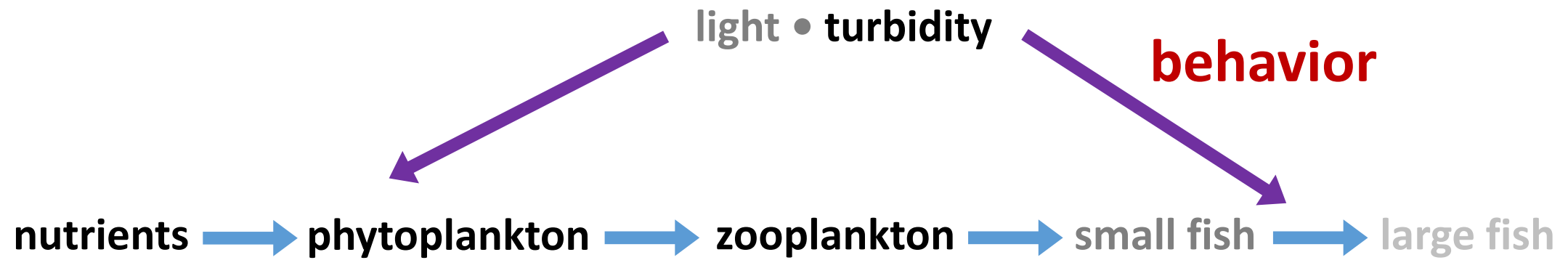
Baird et al IOCCG 2020



b) GETM-ERSEM-BFM (c) NEMO-ERSEM



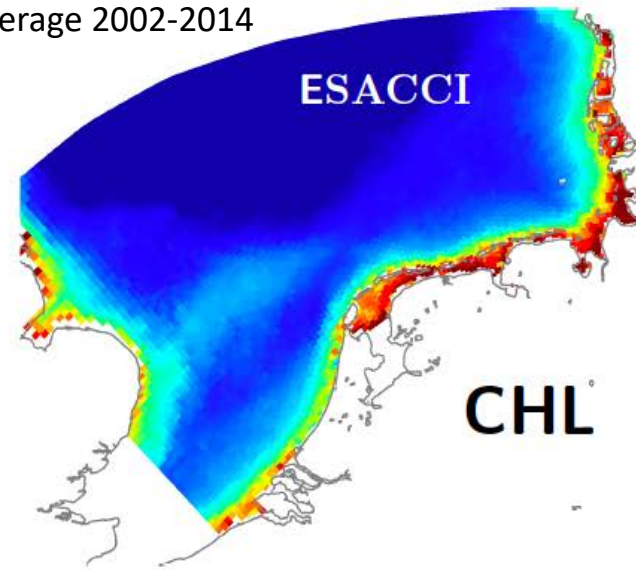
Ford et al., 2017



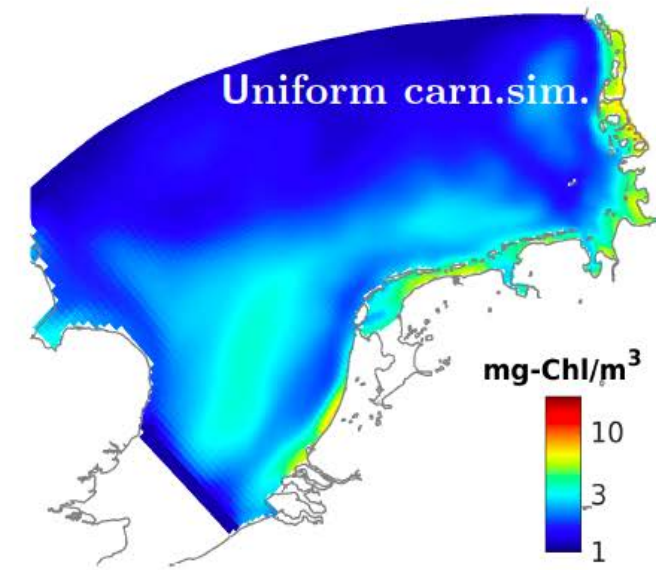
CHL accumulation in shallow coasts

due to behaviorally controlled trophic cascading

average 2002-2014



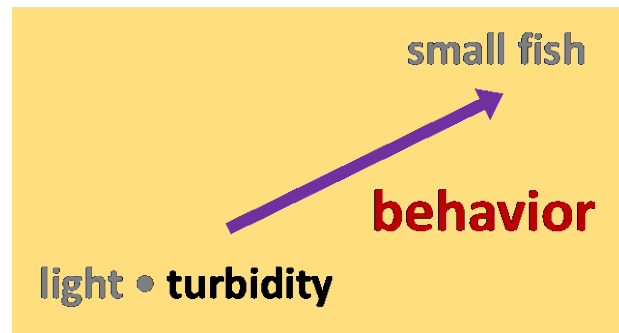
remote sensing



simulation

without
higher near-shore
zooplankton
mortality

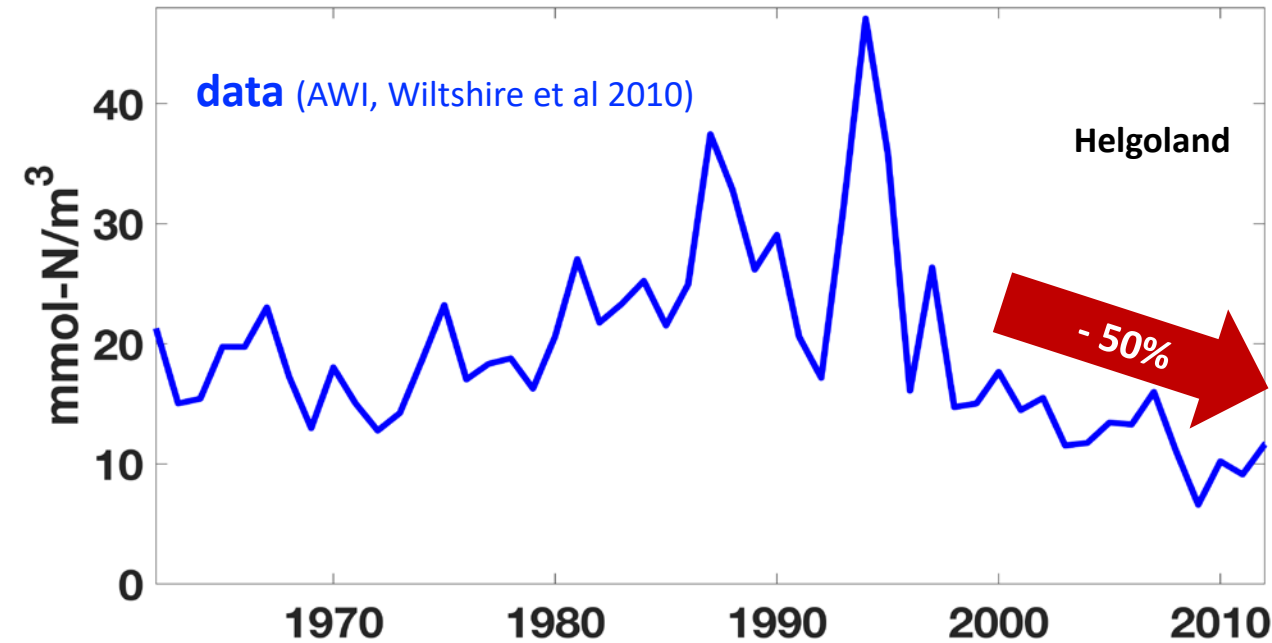
(almost all ecosystem models)



less nutrients, less phytoplankton ?

decrease in nutrients (de-eutrophication after mid 90s)

dissolved inorganic nitrogen



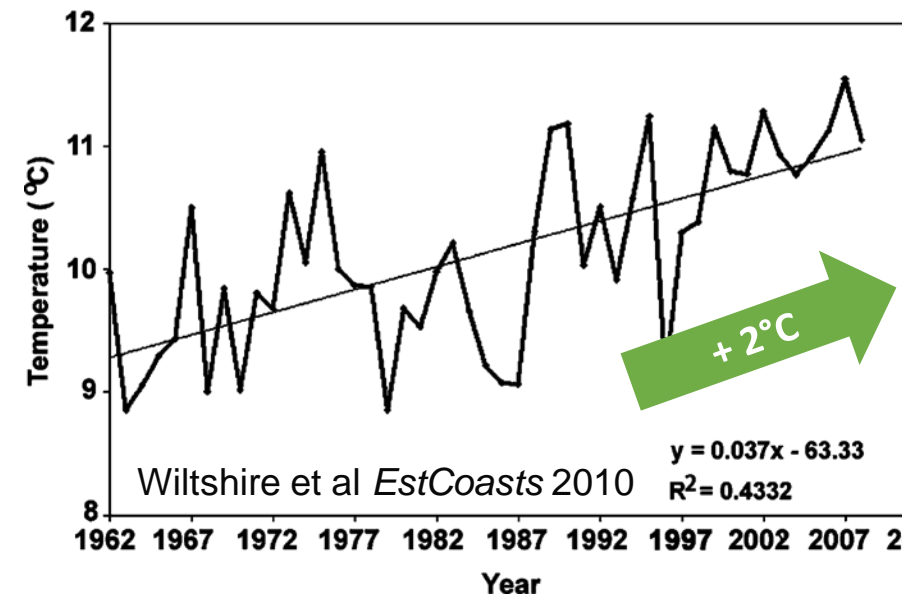
classical models hindcast
lower NPP after 1996

(e.g. Daewel & Schrum 2013)



NPP & chl

predictability of marine ecosystem response depends on the account of **behavior** in models



nutrients → phytoplankton → zooplankton → small fish → large fish

behavior

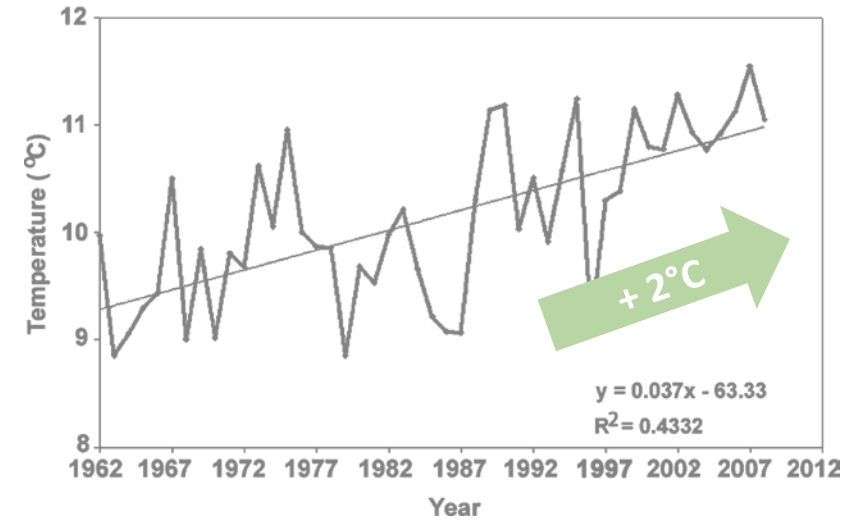
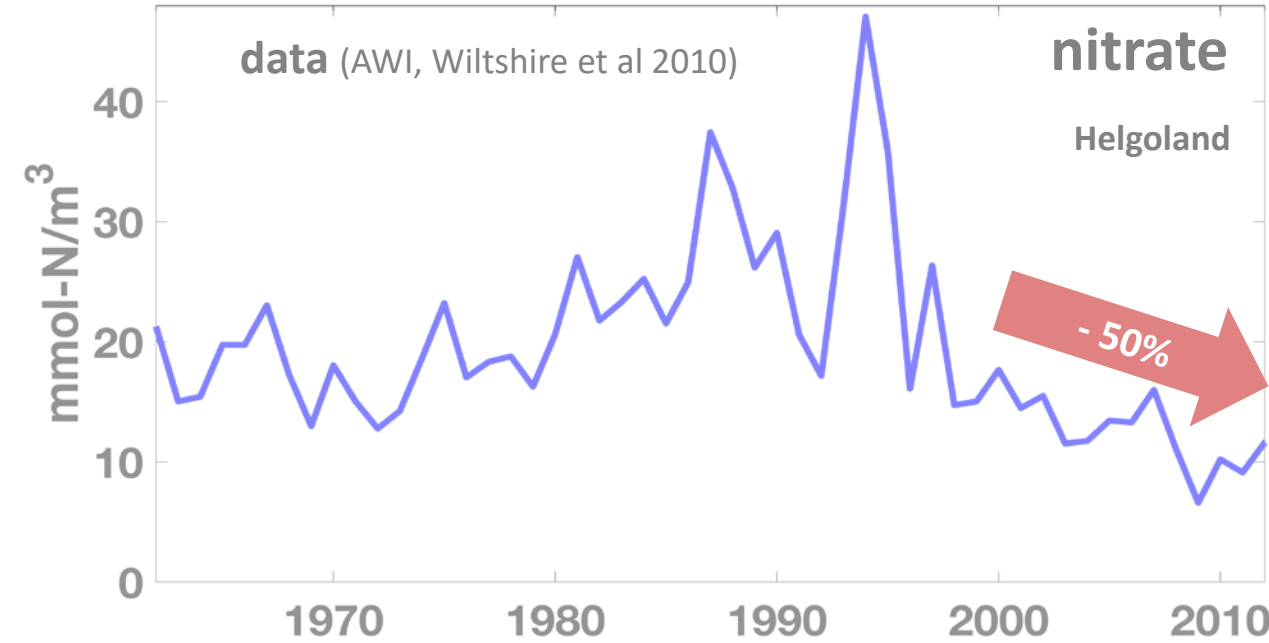
light • turbidity

temperature



less nutrients, more phytoplankton ...

due to behaviorally controlled trophic cascading

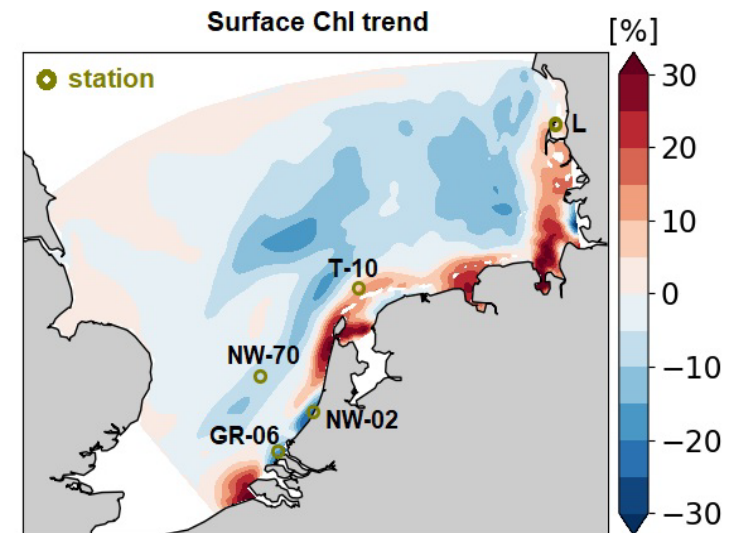


data (CPR, MBA-UK)

Chl

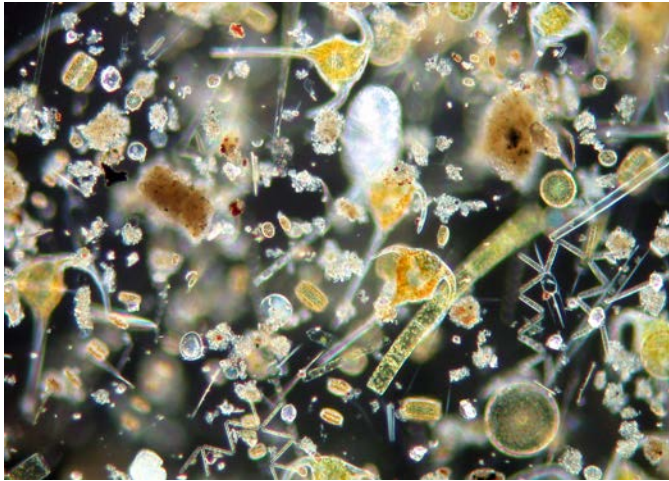


climate change: thermally intensified trophic cascading in (most) near-shore waters



1961 1971 1981 1991 2001 2011

Wirtz 2019, Xu et al 2020



Nutrients → **Phytoplankton** → **Zooplankton**

light
temperature

Behavior

NPZ → NPZ**B** models



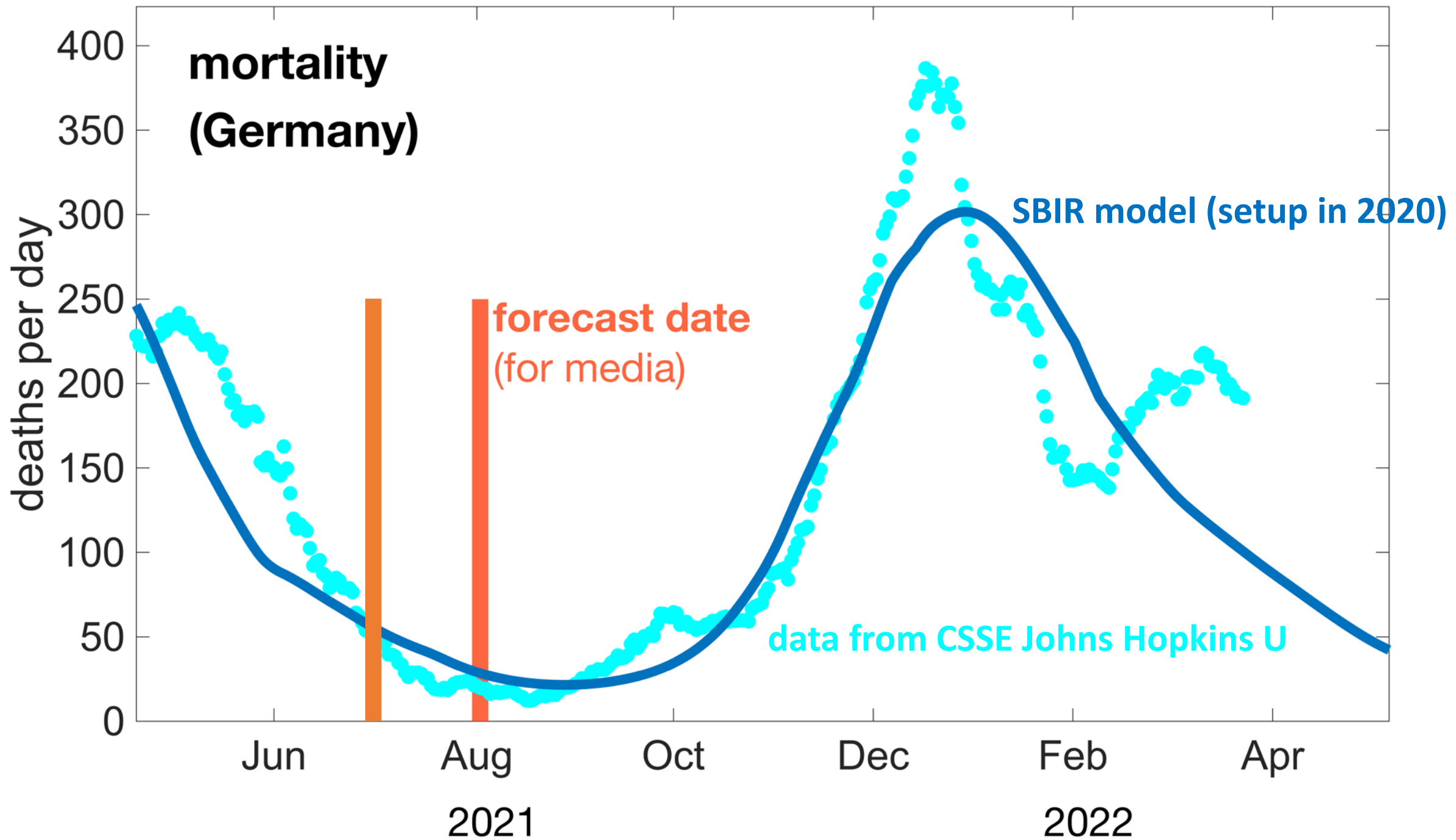
predictability in epidemiology and social sciences

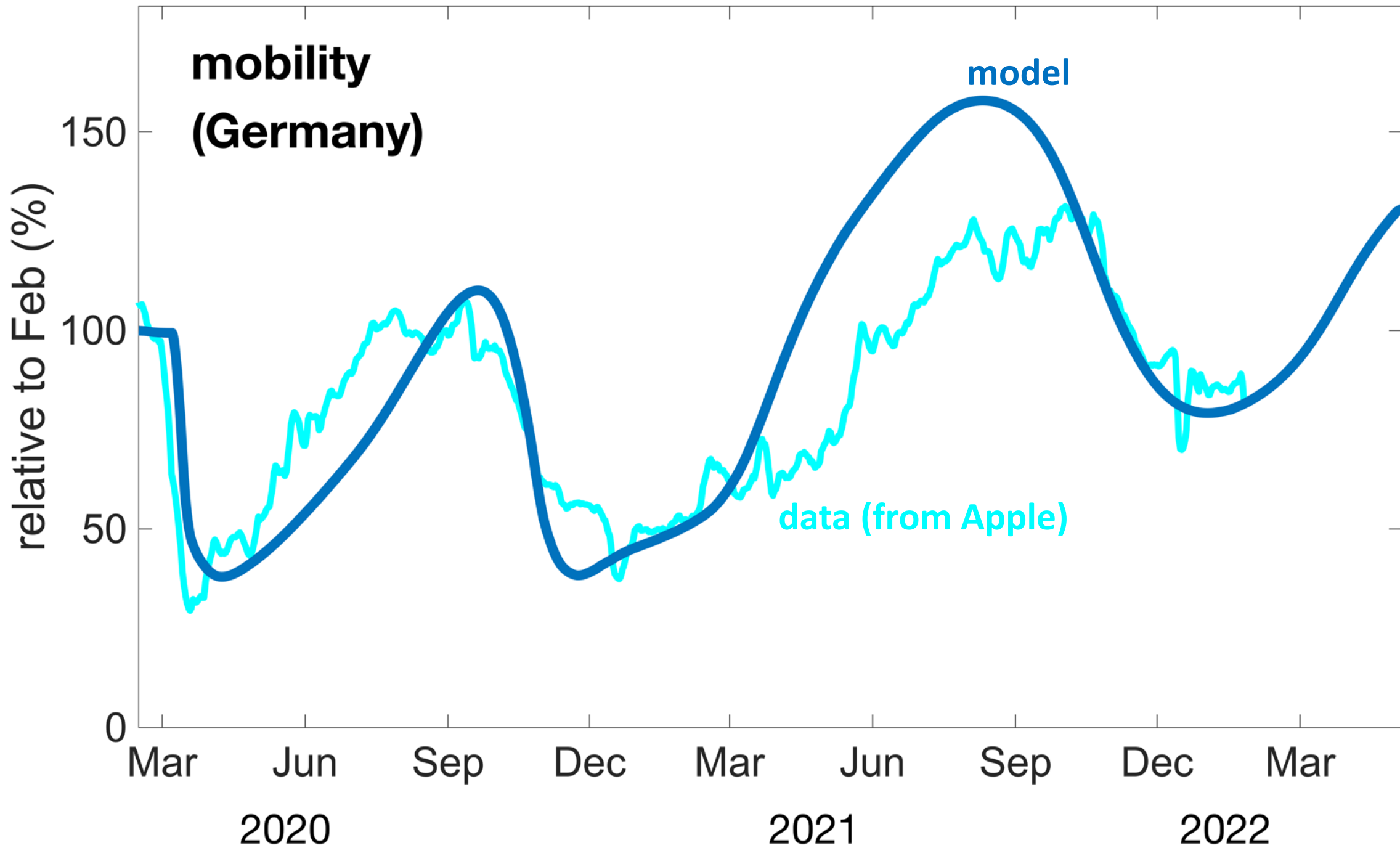
Susceptible \rightarrow **I**nfected \rightarrow **R**ecovered

light
temperature

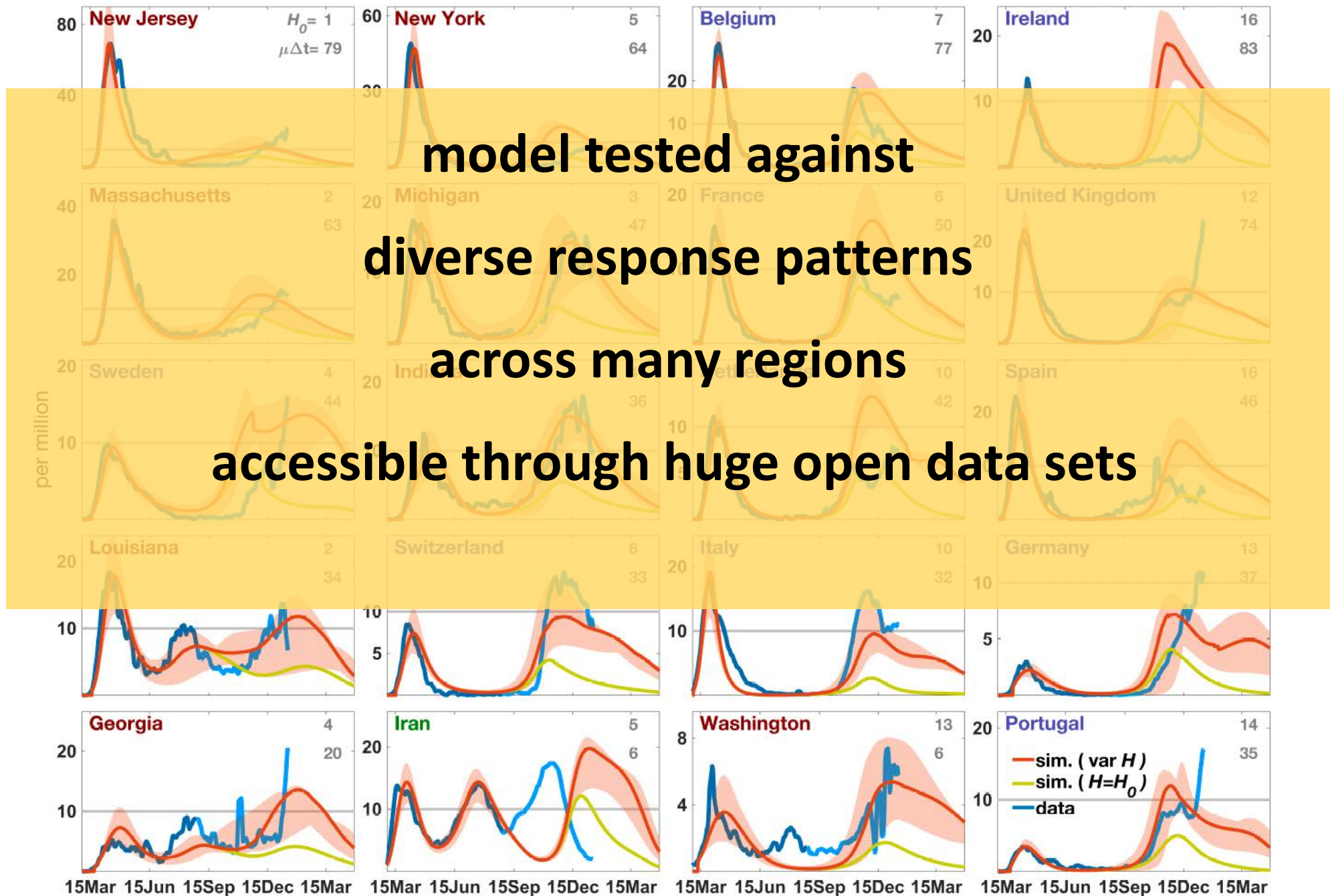
SIR models
revealed only short forecast horizons
in the SARS-CoV-2 pandemics

SIR model
resolves changing societal response





daily COVID-19 death toll



**socio/eco-system responses can be reasonably predicted
when combining**

- **mechanistic models**
- **critical processes driving long-term dynamics (e.g., behavior)**
- **data for diverse response patterns from different environments**

models can behave if they are trained and know about behaviour

Thanks

to M. Mathis, L. Smith, X. Xu, C. Lemmen, data contributors (ESA, Apple, ...)

and for Your attention !